PATENT SPECIFICATION



Application Date: Jan. 19, 1928. No. 1858 / 28.

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PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION.

No. 1858, A.D. 1928.

Improvements in or relating to Apparatus for Indicating Relative Speeds.

I, LEONARD EUGENE COWEY, of Archer a clear indication is given when the orks, Kew Gardens, Surrey, a Subject index and any one of the discs are pro-Works, Kew Gardens, Surrey, a Subject of the King of Great Britain, do hereby declare the nature of this invention to 5 be as follows :-

This invention relates to apparatus for indicating relative speeds, and is primarily intended for use on motor vehicles of the type employing a change-speed 10 gear box; the object of the invention being to facilitate the changing of the gears by the driver of the vehicle.

Suggestions have been made under which it is proposed to indicate the actual 15 speed of the engine and also that of one of the moving parts connected with the vehicle itself; and by synchronising the two speeds, to facilitate the operation of

gear changing.
Apparatus of this sort is, however, somewhat cumbersome and expensive, largely on account of the fact that the actual speed of each of the two units is indicated, whereas it is only really neces-25 sary to indicate the relative speed.

In carrying my invention into effect, I provide an instrument which is connected, on the one hand, either to the engine, or to some part driven thereby; and on the 30 other hand, to a portion of the vehicle which runs at a speed corresponding to that of the vehicle itself.

Means are provided within the instrument for driving—at speeds correspond-ing to those arranged for in the gear box—indicating pointers, discs, or other parts, each of which corresponds to one of the gear box speed ratios.

These indicating pointers or discs are 40 driven from a portion of the vehicle whose speed corresponds to that of the

Attached to the portion of the instrument connected to the engine, is an in-45 dex—preferably rotative and superimposed above the foregoing discs, so that at the same speed as the concentric disc ·[Price 1/-]

ceeding at the same speed.

According to one modification of the 50 invention, I provide in an indicating head (attached to the instrument board of the vehicle) three or more concentrically-arranged discs corresponding to each of the speed changes in the gear box. These concentric discs are marked differently from each other, and each con-

tains a series of radial lines. Superimposed above the discs is one made of celluloid, or other transparent material, upon which is marked a series of radial lines proceeding from the centre to the periphery. The latter-mentioned disc is driven from the engine, or part controlled thereby; whereas the three or more concentric discs, by means of suitable gearing within the instrument itself, are each driven from a part of the gear box which corresponds to the speed of the vehicle; the speed of each concentric disc being proportional to that of the speed gear which it represents.

The speeds of the various parts being correctly arranged, it will be evident that when the disc driven by the engine is proceeding at the same speed as any one of the three concentric discs, the gear represented by the disc in question will be available for engagement.

In using the indicator for the purpose of changing gear, the operation of chang ing from a high gear to a low gear would be accomplished by the usual method of double declutching, and works out as follows: The clutch is disconnected, and the gear lever put into neutral, whereupon the clutch is again engaged. upon the clutch is again engaged. At this point in the operation, the speed of the engine is accelerated until such time as the engine index is seen to be rotating

corresponding to the low gear in question. As soon as this condition is established, the clutch is again disengaged and the gear lever pushed into the selected gear 5 position. In changing from a low gear

to a high gear, the operation would, of course, be reversed. Dated the Eighteenth day of January,

LEONARD E. COWEY.

------PROVISIONAL-SPECIFICATION.

No. 2362, A.D. 1928.

Improvements in or relating to Apparatus for Indicating Relative Speeds.

I, LEONARD EUGENE COWEY, of Archer Works, Kew Gardens, Surrey, a Subject 10 of the King of Great Britain, do hereby declare the nature of this invention to be as follows:-

This invention relates to apparatus of the class set out in my previous Specifi-15 cation No. 1858/1928.

The principal object of the present invention is to ensure easier readings of the apparatus, by arranging that any indicating pointers or disc, together with 20 the index, shall be without apparent motion at the time when a change may be accepted by the corresponding gear. accepted by the corresponding gear.

According to one modification of the invention, I provide a fixed outer casing, 25 attached to which is a fixed dial contain-25 attached to which is a fixed dial containing index slots corresponding to the various gear changes; and in order to simplify the use of the instrument, a diagram is preferably marked on the dial, 30 indicating the position of the various movements in the gear box necessary for the respective changes of speed. Adjacent the respective changes of speed. Adjacent to each of these positions is one of the index slots above referred to.

Within the fixed outer casing is a rotating member, driven from the engine or engine shaft, or alternatively, from the propeller shaft of the vehicle.

Within the rotating member is a series of planetary gears corresponding to the 40 various changes of speed in the gear box. These planetary gears are driven by a shaft connected with the propeller shaft of the vehicle, or alternatively, with the engine or engine shaft. The arrangement between the various parts is such that, whereas the rotating member is driven in one direction, the indicating discs connected to the planetary gears, are driven in the opposite direction; the various gears being so arranged that, when the speed of the engine shaft is correct in relation to that of the propeller shaft for the purpose of effecting a change of gear, the indicating disc connected with 55 that particular change will have no apparent rotation in relation to the fixed index slot, as it will be merely travelling on the rotating member at the same speed that the latter is being driven in the 60 opposite direction—Hence, an observation on the part of the driver to the effect that any particular indicating disc is in an apparently stationary condition, will mean that that particular gear relating 65

thereto is in a condition to be engaged.

Dated the Twenty-third day January, 1928.

LEONARD E. COWEY.

PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION.

No. 6525, A.D. 1928.

Improvements in or relating to Apparatus for Indicating Relative Speeds.

I, LEONARD EUGENE COWEY, of Archer of my two prior applications for Letters 75 Works, Kew Gardens, in the County of Patent Nos. 1858 dated the 19th January Surrey, a British Subject, do hereby 70 declare the nature of this invention to be as follows:-

This invention relates to apparatus for

Patent Nos. 1858 dated the 19th January 1928, and 2362 dated the 24th January 1928

The invention covered by the above applications relates to means for indicatindicating relative speeds, and has more ing in a motor driven vehicle the relaparticular reference to the subject matter tive speed of the engine and that of the

vehicle wheels, these indications being transmitted by intermediate gearing to a dial wherein the relation of these speeds the one to the other can be visually 5 estimated.

The present invention consists in housing and dial arrangement in which windows or sight openings are formed in the dial plate to give the visual indica-10 tion to the driver and in which an indica-tion is also given of the location of the gears, so that reference to the dial also indicates not only the time at which to change gears but also the necessary move-15 ment of the gear change lever.

In carrying this invention into effect and in the preferred manner, the relative speed indicating device is mounted within an instrument case of normal dimensions, 20 the face being covered by a dial having windows or sight openings which are preferably mutilated concentric apertures there being a separate window to each speed provided by the gear box. These windows are disposed over the appropriate to the gears they indicate, and disposed between these indications is a marking formed by printing, engraving or other means upon the dial, showing 30 the gate openings for the gear change lever in passing from one gear to another. In order to make this latter indication complete a "reverse" indication is given on the dial although there be no indicating window covering movement of the vehicle in a backward direc-

Dated this 1st day of March, 1928. FRANCIS HERON ROGERS, Agent for Applicant, House, 181, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements in or relating to Apparatus for Indicating Relative Speeds.

Works, Gardens, Śurrey, Kew a 40 British do hereby declare Subject, this invention and the nature of in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following state-45 ment:-

This invention relates to indicating devices for facilitating the use of change speed gearing and more particularly to devices of a type wherein one or more 50 discs or other moving elements is geared to the driving and driven shafts in such manner that each disc or element indicates by its state of rest or motion whether the relative speeds of the driving and 55 driven shafts correspond to a particular gear ratio.

vide an improved construction of indicating device of this kind which will give a 60 visual indication to the driver of a vehicle when the appropriate time for engaging a particular gear ratio has arrived.

According to the invention the discs or 65 other moving elements geared to the driving and driven shafts are covered by a plate or casing having openings through which portions of the discs or elements are visible and have colour bands or other 70 markings arranged thereon whereby it can be readily seen when the disc or element beneath a particular opening is

I, LEONARD EUGENE COWEY, of Archer tion the absolute speed of each disc is determined by the relative speed of the driving and driven shafts of the change speed gear but in an alternative arrangement the discs or other elements are arranged in pairs and so geared that the elements of a particular pair move at the same speed when the relative speed of the driving and driven shafts correspond to a particular gear ratio. In this case it is the state of rest or motion of the one disc relative to the other which deter-mines when the time has arrived for engaging any particular gear and the colour bands or other markings on the disc are therefore arranged so as to present the appearance of no motion when moving at the same speed.

In order that the invention may be The object of the invention is to pro- more readily understood, reference will de an improved construction of indicat- now be made to the accompanying drawings in which:-

Figure 1 is a sectional elevation of this form of the invention suitable for a three speed gear box vehicle,

Figure 2 is a part plan of Figure 1 100 showing driving connections,

Figure 3 is a dial face indicator for motor vehicles having a three speed gear

Figure 4 shows alternative dial faces 105. for four speed gear boxes.

Referring to the drawings and Figs. 1 and 2 therein, 1 is the casing of the indicating instrument having a base extenationary. sion 2, or bracket in lieu thereof for 110.

According to one form of the inven- mounting. Concentrically disposed in

the casing I is a rigid vertical shaft 3. Disposed concentrically upon this shaft 3 are the various driving and driven gears, housings therefor and indicator discs. The vertical shaft 3 may be grooved for lubrication and may be so mounted with-in the casing that it and its accessory gears can be bodily removed from, and inserted in the said housing, means (not 10 shown) being provided for preventing rotation and the assembly of parts upon its length adjusted and fixed into posi-

tion by lock nuts 4 at top and bottom.

Disposed of over said shaft is the 15 vehicle driven worm wheel 5, mounted fast upon sleeve 6 said wheel 5 being rotated by worm 7 mounted in bearing 8, and flexibly and rotatably coupled by a shaft (not shown) to a suitable driven 20 member of the car such for instance as the propellor shaft. Fast with the sleeve 6 is the planetary gear housing 9. Rotatably mounted with said housing 9 is a vertical shaft 10 and sleeve 11 and dis-25 posed over said sleeve in fast rotation therewith are pinions 12a, b, and c meshing with wheels 13 a, b, c each of the latter wheels being mounted fast with bearing sleeves 14 a b c rotatable

worm wheel 16 and spur pinion 17. The worm 18 is mounted in a bracket 8° and is operated and driven in exactly the like manner to that operating the worm wheel 5 except that its flexible shaft is driven from the engine. The spur pinion 17
40 meshes with the spur wheel 19 secured
to the rotary shaft 10.

One or more sets of planetary gear may be provided in the housing 9 meshing with the wheels 13 a b c and having with the wheels 15 a 0 c and maving 45 spur wheels 19 meshing with spur pinion 17, but if only one set is provided it is necessary to counterbalance the weight of the planetary wheel assembly and this is done by means of a 50 counterbalance 20 secured in position shown in the housing 9, and this weight may in addition have an adjustment device for accurate positioning after trial. The dials 15a, 15b, and 15c, are formed in convenient material, and superficially appear as annular rings the one nesting within the other. In the form shown the outermost 15a represents top gear, the intermediate dial 15b, the second gear and the innermost 15c bottom gear or first gear. Disposed over the said dials is a slotted dial 21, see Figs. 3 and 4, and this is held in stationary position by a washer 22 in conjunction with the closing bezel ring 23 carrying the glass cover 24

The dial plate 21 has slots 25 cut therein which slots are so positioned over the dials as to indicate the gear speed to which the slot relates and against such slots are indications 26 numbered to denote the gear box speed to which the slot relates. Clearly marked on said dial is a skeleton gate chart 27 giving a key to the gate change motions of gear changing lever. For quick visual identification the dials 15 have individualising colours or are separately marked as at 28 so that the driver has immediate knowledge as to whether vehicle speed is equal to engine speed, and this may be carried to the extent of so colouring the discs with elementary pigments that their rapid movement give a white or whitish indication and their stationary movement an arresting indication of colour or colours.

In the modified form of the invention shown under the dist indication of Fig. 3 a disc representing engine speed is driven through convenient intermediate gearing from the engine driven shaft and 90 worm 18. This disc 29 is always revolving and is transparent but marked with concentric rings by any suitable 30 about a common axis and each of said 29 are vehicle speed discs driven in like sleeves carrying dials 15 a b c.

Rotatably disposed over the bearing sleeve 6 and fast with each other are the searing constituted by wheels 17 and 19 are quitted and thus in this form of the 29 are vehicle speed discs driven in like 95 are omitted and thus in this form of the invention a visual indication of correct 100 relative speed between that of the vehicle and engine revolutions is given by the markings of the discs through the appropriate slots or openings becoming similar, coincident or of equal colour 105

In operation of the invention and as shown in the preferred form under Fig. 1 the worm wheels 5 and 16 are respectively driven from the vehicle and engine, 110 and their motion is so imparted to the planetary and sun gears 12 and 13 that when there be no relative motion between the particular gear ratio and engine speed the indicating dial of such gear is station- 115 ary. The driver of the vehicle waits for this lack of motion on the dial, de-clutches and following the gate change motion shown on the dial at 27, moves his lever to accord with gear indicated as 120 appropriate for change when a noiseless transfer takes place.

Although the invention is described as applied to a motor vehicle it is obvious that its scope is not restricted in any way 125 to such application and that the relative speed of any two given members may be compared by the means constituting the invention.

Further the dial indicating arrange- 130

ments may be illuminated or artificial light employed within or without the container 1 and the dials slotted or masked or otherwise contrived to give a light signal when speed equality at any stage has been attained.

Alfhough for the sake of compactness advantage has been taken of sun and planet gears to achieve the object of the invention in the described form under Fig. 1 it is obvious that other known forms of counter directional driving of a rotary member may be employed for the

purpose.

Having now particularly described and 15 ascertained the nature of my said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, I declare that what I

claim is:-

1. An indicating device for facilitating 20 the use of change speed gearing wherein one or more discs or other moving elements, geared to the driving and driven shafts in such manner that each disc or 25 element indicates by its state of rest or motion whether the relative speeds of the driving and driven shafts correspond to a particular gear ratio, are covered by a plate or casing having openings through 30 which portions of the discs or elements are visible and wherein the portions of said discs or elements which move beneath the openings bear colour bands or other markings whereby it can be 35 readily seen when the disc or element beneath a perticular opening is stationary.

2. An indicating device for facilitating the use of change speed gearing wherein one or more pairs of rotary elements are 40 geared to the driving and driven shafts in such manner that the elements of a particular pair move at the same speed when the relative speeds of the driving and driven shafts correspond to a particu-45 lar gear ratio, and wherein portions of each pair of elements have colour bands

or other markings arranged thereon in

such manner as to present the appearance of no motion when moving at the same

3. An indicating device as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein the rotation of the driving and driven shafts is transmitted to worm reduction gearing mounted in the same casing with the indicating part 55 of the device.

4. An indicating device as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein a series of nested indicating dials is mounted in a casing containing a central shaft supporting rotary gears by which the dials are

driven.

5. An indicating device of the type referred to in claim 1, wherein said moving elements comprise a series of rotary dials mounted upon a supporting shaft and geared to planet wheels carried by a rotary housing also mounted on said shaft, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

6. An indicating device according to any of the preceding claims wherein the gate openings of a gear change lever are indicated on the face of the instrument in relation to openings or windows through which the dials or other moving elements are placed in such manner as to indicate the movements of the lever sub-

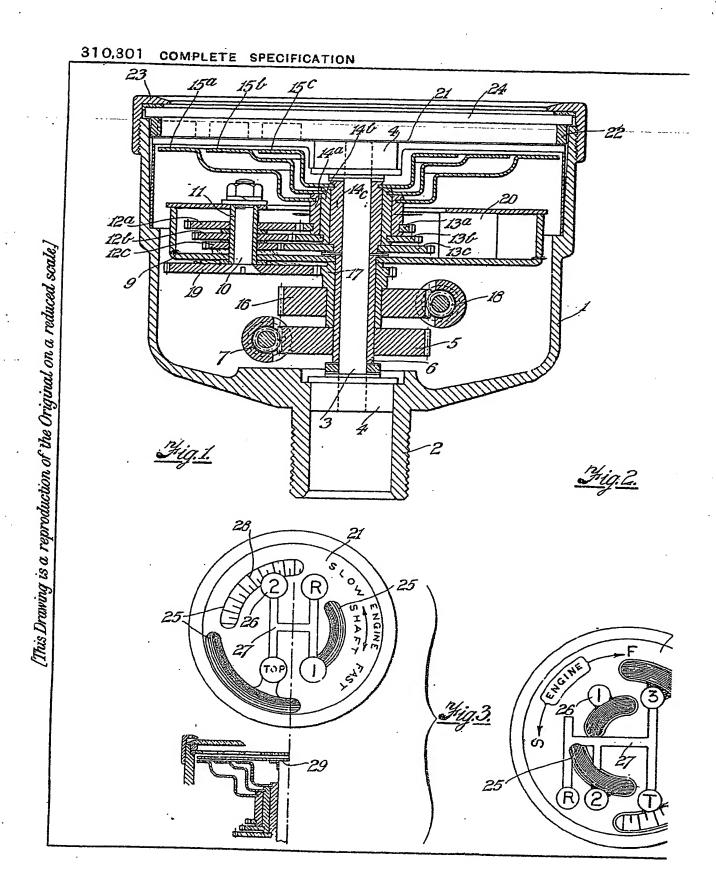
stantially as set forth.

7. In an indicating device as claimed 80 in Claim 3, the mounting of the co-operating members upon a central shaft within a container in such manner that the whole of said device can be mounted or detached as a unit in or from said container

8. The device for indicating relative speeds substantially as described and as illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Dated this 8th day of March, 1928.

FRANCIS HERON ROGERS, Agent for Applicant, Bridge House, 181, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C. 4.

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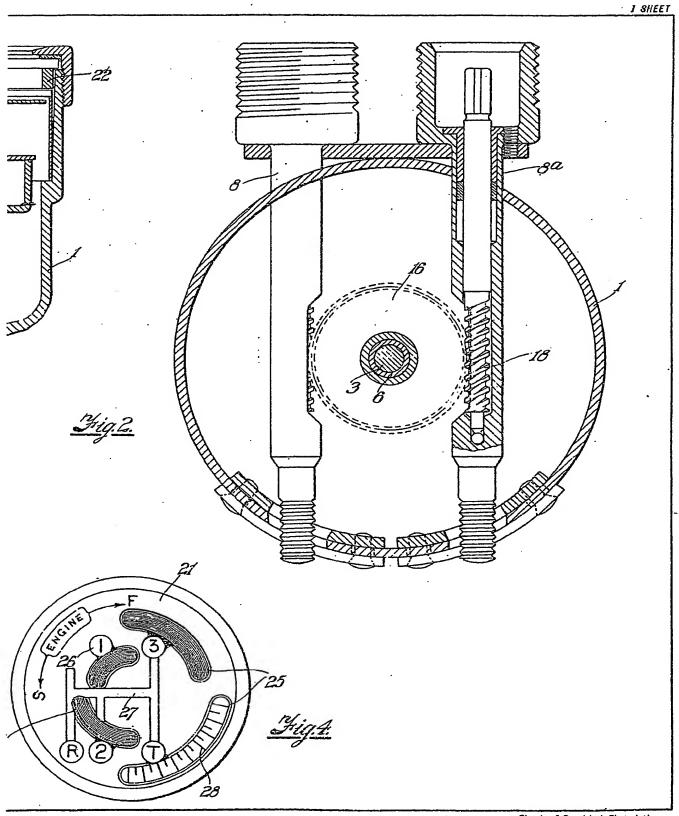


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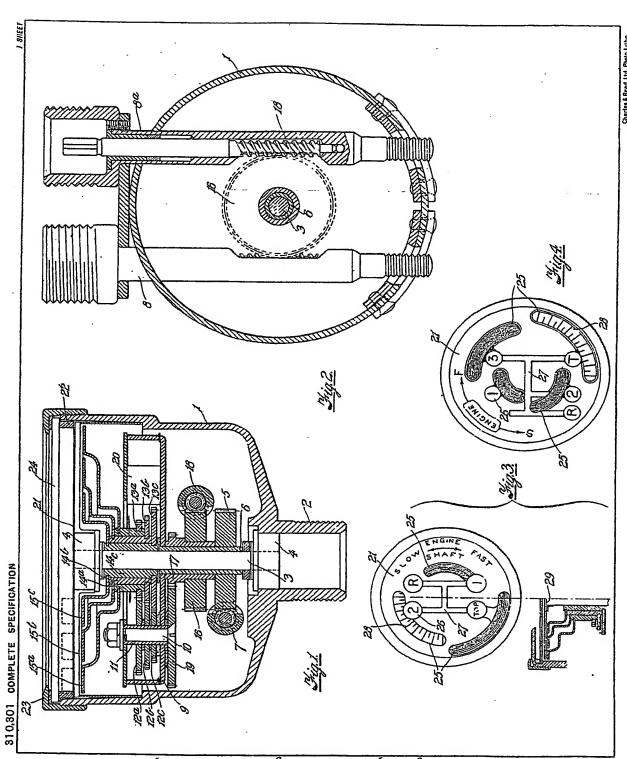
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